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PRODUCT & SERVICE GUIDE

Will the 2022 Income Tax Season be Normal?

So will the 2022 tax filing season be normal? Not likely. In addition to lasting health concerns, a number of new tax law provisions will create complications for some filers, as well as potential pitfalls to avoid. And maybe new tax laws by year's end.

Ken Berry • Sep. 27, 2021

But consider some of the tax changes in the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) that went into effect in 2021. These could result in out-of-the-ordinary situations for clients. Here are a few common examples.

Economic Impact Payments: The third round of Economic Impact Payments (EIPs) began going out in March. The maximum EIP of \$1,400, plus payments for qualified dependents, isn't subject to federal income tax. However, clients may have received less than they are entitled to and, therefore, are eligible for a credit on their 2021 return.

Child Tax Credit: ARPA enhanced the Child Tax Credit (CTC) by raising the maximum CTC to \$3,000 (\$3,600 for children under age six), making the credit fully refundable and authorizing advance payments of the credit. The IRS began issuing advance CTC payments in July. This must be factored into 2021 tax returns and could cause tax return headaches. Clients should be informed that their tax refund may be smaller than they expected due to advance CTC payments.

Dependent care credits: Under ARPA, the maximum dependent care credit for 2021 is increased for taxpayers with an adjusted gross income of \$125,000 or less to \$4,000 for one child; \$8,000 for two or more children (up from \$600 and \$1,200, respectively). In addition, the credit is made fully refundable. Ensure that your clients are reaping the maximum tax rewards on their 2021 returns.

Unemployment benefits: The new law also provides a unique tax break for some workers who who lost their jobs in 2020. In brief, the first \$10,200 of unemployment benefits is exempt from tax if your AGI was below \$150,000. But many taxpayers have missed this tax break, so review your clients' situation carefully.

COBRA subsidies: Generally, employees who leave a company may elect to continue health insurance coverage for a specified time (usually, up to 18 months) under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). But the employees must pay the tab (plus a standard 2% administrative fee). Fortunately, ARPA creates a 100% subsidy for COBRA premiums spanning April 1, 2021 through September 30, 2021. These payments are completely tax-free to those that benefit. Note: Employers may recoup their costs through a payroll tax credit.

Net result: This is shaping up as another challenging tax return season for taxpayers and tax return preparers alike. Plus, drums are beating louder in Washington for tax increases that might be enacted before the end of the year. Don't think that things are back to "normal" quite yet.

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