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increase tax compliance.

Apr. 28, 2023



By Nick Hawkins, Inc. (TNS)

For the past two decades, tipped employees have had the responsibility of reporting their tips to the IRS. Like salaried wages, tips are subject to income and payroll taxes. Waiters, for instance, are technically required to report tips to their employer, who then withholds and pays the proper taxes. There are a number of voluntary programs designed to encourage compliance by tipped employees but, you know. Tax gap

studies conducted by the IRS found that the agency collects 55% of the taxes owed on

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The Service Industry Tip Compliance Agreement (SITCA) program would replace three current voluntary reporting systems: Tip Reporting Alternative Commitment (TRAC), Tip Rate Determination Agreement (TRDA), and Employer-Designed Tip Reporting Alternative Commitment (EmTRAC) programs. As proposed, SITCA will be available to employers in all service industries (excluding gaming industry employers) with at least one business location, called a "covered establishment," operating under the employer identification number (EIN) of the employer.

The SITCA program will track tips automatically and doesn't require a tax reporting commitment from employees. It can also do the math for indirectly tipped employees like food runners or bussers. This means no more napkin or cellphone calculations at the end of a shift to determine hourly rates. Nor are employers required to provide educational or tip-reporting training programs like TRAC. Under TRAC, employers are required to educate employees on their reporting obligations and institute formal tip-reporting procedures.

According to Richard Pianoforte, a managing director of tax at Fiduciary Trust International, this should be a welcome change. "This is a net positive, because, number one, it's voluntary. If you have a POS system, and the IRS figures out how to work with your POS system, it's less you're doing. You're reporting tips and then there's a calculation the IRS does for cash tips. And then you're protected from an audit from the IRS because you're compliant in this program."

This doesn't mean you shouldn't take advantage of the public comment period, which goes until May 7, 2023. In fact, Pianoforte recommends all business owners who employ tipped workers make their thoughts known. He says the more they're involved in shaping the process, the better. "The IRS isn't in the business of a restaurant," he says, adding that he would like to see more work done by the IRS to inform business owners of the public comment period and how to respond.

Other Options

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One business has even gone a step further. Destination Unknown Restaurants, a Washington D.C.-based restaurant group started by Josh and Kelly Phillips, reopened after a pandemic pause in summer 2020 with a problem. Customers were no longer dining in. The staff needed their jobs back, but without indoor dining, the tips dried up. So the Phillipses looked at their top-performing servers' earnings for the previous year (2019) of operation and approached the staff with the idea to pay them a salary based on their previous earnings.

For many, this was a comfort, given the uncertainty tied to the pandemic. But there was some pushback. "At first, they were like, 'But that's not how much I made.' Then I pulled their W-2s; we've always recorded tips for our staff because it's almost entirely credit card tips. And we've always done a tip pool, so I know exactly what everybody's making," says Josh. "'You were the third-best performer last year; here was what the best performer made last year. So we're just gonna give you their number plus 5%'—and immediately they're like, yep, done. I'll do that."

Destination Unknown now has an entirely tip-free model. They employ full-time salaried employees and part-time hourly employees and add a 20% service charge to every check. This charge is mentioned on their menu, and they're happy to remove it from a check upon request.

In Josh's view, starting employees at a higher rate removes stress and lets servers focus on caring for customers. Josh says the majority of employees prefer the salaried approach, and it simplifies accounting by taking things like tip-outs off of his plate.

The Takeaway

With these proposed changes, compliance should be easier. Sam Zietz, CEO of Grubbrr, a technology company that sells POS systems, ordering kiosks, and mobile

ordering for businesses, says it should be one of the easiest things a business owner

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