

Hello. It looks like you're using an ad blocker that may prevent our website from working properly. To receive the best experience possible, please make sure any blockers are switched off and refresh the page.

If you have any questions or need help you can email us

emergency loans to cover payroll and other costs as soon as Friday, according to Treasury Department guidance.

Apr. 01, 2020



Small businesses shuttered by coronavirus countermeasures can start applying for emergency loans to cover payroll and other costs as soon as Friday, according to Treasury Department guidance.

The Treasury published fact sheets for lenders and borrowers Tuesday for the \$349 billion Paycheck Protection Program that was part of the \$2.3 trillion economic

lifeline package enacted March 27.

Hello. It looks like you're using an ad blocker that may prevent our website from working properly. To receive the best experience possible, please make sure any blockers are switched off and refresh the page.

If you have any questions or need help you can email us

Small businesses and sole proprietorships can start applying Friday for loans from existing SBA-approved lenders. Independent contractors and self-employed individuals can do the same starting April 10. Nonprofit organizations can also apply.

Stepping up lending will be a massive challenge. Over the entirety of 2019, the SBA approved just 51,907 loans under the 7(a) program to 46,111 businesses for a total of \$23.2 billion. The program wants to see roughly 15 times that total issued in a matter of weeks.

The most 7(a) loans any single bank issued last year was 762 by Huntington National Bank, for a total of \$125 million, according to SBA figures. The most loaned by a single bank was \$349 million across 250 loans by the Live Oak Banking Co. Among just the top 100 SBA lenders, the median number of loans issued in 2019 was 29, and the mean was 79.

Already, small businesses have reported trouble applying for the SBA's disaster loan program, which was expanded to cover companies hurt by COVID-19 in the first emergency response package. The SBA itself processes disaster loan applications, though, rather than financial institutions that do so under the 7(a) program.

According to the Treasury fact sheet, the terms of the new loans will be the same for everyone. They are capped at eight weeks of a borrower's payroll expenses, debt interest, rent and utilities, up to \$10 million. Borrowers that use the loans for those costs won't need to pay back the principal, and interest is set at 0.50% — lower than the 4% annual rate limit set by statute. Borrowers can defer payments for six months, although interest would accrue during that period, and the loans would be due in two years, with no penalties for prepayment.

The deadline to apply is June 20, 2020 — roughly 11 weeks from Tuesday.

According to the borrower fact sheet, if a company has already fired staff, it will have

Hello. It looks like you're using an ad blocker that may prevent our website from working properly. To receive the best experience possible, please make sure any blockers are switched off and refresh the page.

If you have any questions or need help you can email us

state and municipal budgets blown by the drop in tax revenue and the cost of responding to the contagion.

On Tuesday, President Donald Trump seemed to endorse another emergency response package, tweeting: "With interest rates for the United States being at ZERO, this is the time to do our decades long awaited Infrastructure Bill. It should be VERY BIG & BOLD, Two Trillion Dollars, and be focused solely on jobs and rebuilding the once great infrastructure of our Country! Phase 4"

Other Republicans, including House Minority Leader Kevin McCarthy and House Financial Services ranking member Patrick T. McHenry have downplayed the idea, saying they'd rather wait to see how the phase three legislation performed before working on another pandemic response package.

According to Treasury's fact sheet for lenders, they should only do limited underwriting on the loans, verifying just that a borrower was in operation on Feb. 15, that it was paying salaries and payroll taxes, and the borrower's average monthly payroll cost. Along with loan applications, borrowers will be asked to provide payroll data and make a good-faith certification to the validity of the information provided.

The program is open to all federally insured banks and credit unions, which will collect nearly risk-free fees to underwrite the loan. The SBA is guaranteeing all loans under the program, and the \$349 billion appropriated will go toward forgiving the debts. The SBA is also waiving guaranty fees. Lenders participating under the program will get paid based on the balance of financing outstanding: 5% for loans \$350,000 and under, 3% for \$350,000 to \$2 million loans, and 1% for loans over \$2 million. Lenders are barred from collecting fees from borrowers, and agent fees will be paid out of the lender fees.

The fact sheets did not provide more information on how quickly the SBA can

Hello. It looks like you're using an ad blocker that may prevent our website from working properly. To receive the best experience possible, please make sure any blockers are switched off and refresh the page.

If you have any questions or need help you can email us

Visit CQ Roll Call at [www.rollcall.com](http://www.rollcall.com)

Distributed by [Tribune Content Agency, LLC](#).

Accounting • Income Tax • Small Business

CPA Practice Advisor is registered with the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) as a sponsor of continuing professional education on the National Registry of CPE Sponsors.

© 2024 Firmworks, LLC. All rights reserved