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Isaac M. O'Bannon • Aug. 21, 2014



U.S. businesses paid \$671 billion in total state and local taxes in fiscal year 2013, according to an annual study prepared by Ernst & Young LLP in conjunction with the Council On State Taxation (COST).

State business taxes grew 4.7 percent compared to local tax growth of 3.7 percent, representing the third consecutive year of growth for both categories. In FY2013, business taxes accounted for 44.9 percent of all state and local taxes. While this is the

lowest share of total state and local taxes since FY2006, the business share has

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The state and local business tax estimates presented in the study reflect tax collections from July 2012 through June 2013 and include: business property taxes; sales and excise taxes paid by businesses on their input purchases and capital expenditures; gross receipts taxes; corporate income and franchise taxes; business and corporate license taxes; unemployment insurance taxes; individual income taxes paid by owners of non-corporate (pass-through) businesses; and other state and local taxes that are the statutory liability of business taxpayers.

The states with the highest state and local business tax growth in 2013 are North Dakota (29.9 percent), Hawaii (10.4 percent), Mississippi (7.7 percent), Texas (7.7 percent) and Utah (7.5 percent). The states with the largest decreases in tax collections are Alaska (-23.7 percent), Louisiana (-6.5 percent), Wyoming (-5.1 percent), Kansas (-2.6 percent) and Maine (-0.6 percent).

Business property taxes and sales tax on business inputs are the largest components of total state and local business taxes. Business property taxes increased 3.7 percent in FY2013, a gain of \$8.5 billion. Property taxes remain by far the largest state and local tax paid by businesses, accounting for 36.1 percent of the total. General sales taxes on business inputs and capital investment totaled \$139.8 billion, or 20.8 percent of state and local business taxes. While overall sales taxes increased 3.8 percent, general sales taxes paid by businesses remained flat at the local level. Individual income taxes on pass-through business income accounted for 5.5 percent of total state and local business taxes. Individual income taxes on business income grew 13.2 percent, the highest rate of any tax in FY2013.

State and local corporate income tax collections grew 8.4 percent from the prior year to \$53.3 billion, or 7.9 percent of all state and local business taxes. FY2013 marked the third consecutive year of corporate income tax growth, which has been the slowest of the major types of business taxes to return to pre- recession levels. In FY2013, state

and local corporate income tax collections were still nearly 13 percent below the

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spending benefiting business.

“Given growth in state and local tax bases, many states adopted reductions in business taxes in 2013 and 2014 designed to encourage economic growth,” said Douglas L. Lindholm, President and Executive Director of COST. “It will be interesting to see how this impacts the states' budgets in the coming year.”

A copy of the study is available at [www.ey.com/us/salt](http://www.ey.com/us/salt) and [www.cost.org](http://www.cost.org).

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