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Houston. There are Missouri Department of Revenue offices near Chicago, Dallas, and ...

May. 23, 2017



Auditors are on the move. While most businesses expect (i.e., dread) to be audited by their home department of revenue, it often comes as a surprise to learn that state tax authorities routinely send auditors to, or hire auditors from, other states to capture unreported sales and use tax revenue. Some states go so far as to have remote offices.

For example, the Texas Comptroller has [audit offices](#) in Los Angeles, New York City, and Tulsa, Oklahoma. California has [field audit offices](#) in Chicago, New York, and Houston. There are [Missouri Department of Revenue](#) offices near Chicago, Dallas,

and New York, while the [Florida Department of Revenue](#) has offices in Atlanta,

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Minnesota, Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin), an Out-of-State South District, and so on. Field audit offices develop and implement audit programs to optimize accurate tax reporting and payment by businesses located throughout the target area.

## What do auditors in other states do?

Auditors frequently examine sales by companies that are headquartered in other states but have [nexus](#) (a connection strong enough to trigger a tax collection obligation) in the auditor's home state. Yet a company doesn't have to be registered with a state to be targeted by that state's audit division. While many audits are selected by a random sampling of registered businesses, auditors knock on the doors of unregistered businesses whenever evidence suggests that they may owe the state tax revenue. This is true both in-state and out.

Many states have increased audits since the Great Recession, hiring new auditors as needed. New Mexico's Audit and Compliance Division has [added approximately 62 FTE employees](#) since economy plummeted. And in 2015, the Wisconsin Department of Revenue announced that it [needed 102 additional auditors](#) and 11 additional agents to help uncover what was estimated to be approximately \$80 million in unpaid tax revenue. Many of the new hires are focusing on businesses based in other states.

## States work together

In addition to sending auditors to other states, state tax administrators frequently work together. [Regional information-sharing agreements](#) between states, such as the following, can greatly help facilitate audits:

- NESTOA, North Eastern States Tax Officials Association (Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont)

- SEATA, Southeastern Association of Tax Administrators (Alabama, Arkansas,

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There are other sorts of information-sharing agreements as well. [New Mexico](#) shares information with — and receives information from — three tribal governments. And the Multistate Tax Commission [Joint Audit Program](#) for member states “provides obvious economies of scale to the states” and “relieves the taxpayer of the burden on multiple ongoing audits.”

## Oklahoma to base auditors in other states

Oklahoma doesn't currently base auditors in other states. Like Utah, it sends auditors to various out-of-state locations as needed, and between 2014 and 2017, it conducted [more than 460 audits](#) of remotely based businesses. But a recently enacted law will soon enable the Tax Commission to develop a stronger presence out of state.

[HB 1427](#) authorizes the Oklahoma Tax Commission to create and maintain an Out-of-State Tax Collections Enforcement Division. It enables the Commission to “employ full-time, unclassified, out-of-state tax auditors or full-time-equivalent contracted auditors” to enhance the following:

- “Sales and use tax collections related to sales or transactions involving residents of Oklahoma and out-of-state vendors with a nexus to the State of Oklahoma”
- “Collections of any other unpaid taxes owed the State of Oklahoma by out-of-state individuals, firms, and corporations”

The Tax Commission may audit any individual or business it believes may owe tax revenue to Oklahoma. The law takes effect November 1, 2017.

## How would your business fare during an audit?

Worried about how you would fare during an audit? Check out the Avalara [Sales Tax Audit Survival Guide](#).

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